



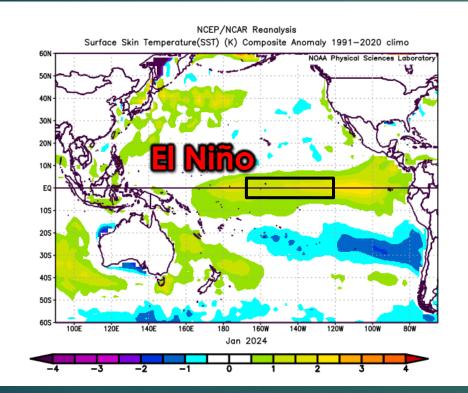
# New Mexico's Seasonal Outlook

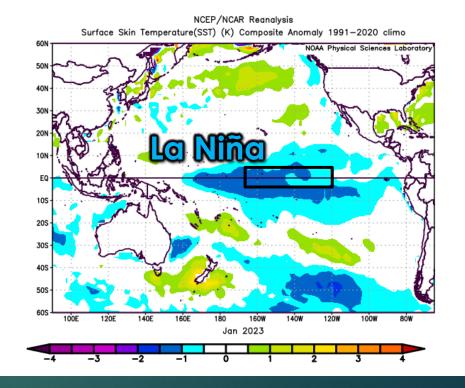
KERRY JONES, METEOROLOGIST RICH NADEN, METEOROLOGIST

## Robust El Niño Pattern in Place; Peaked in Strength 4-6 Weeks Ago

#### January 2024



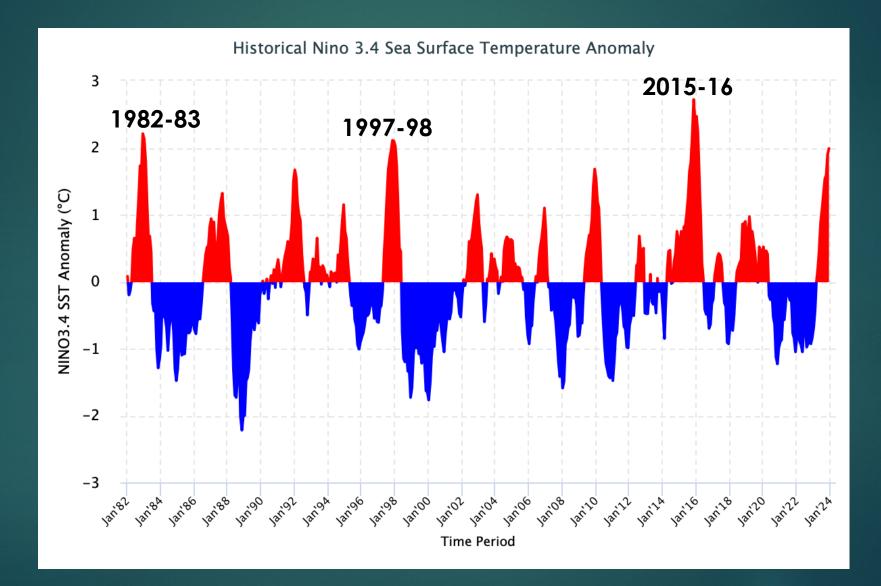




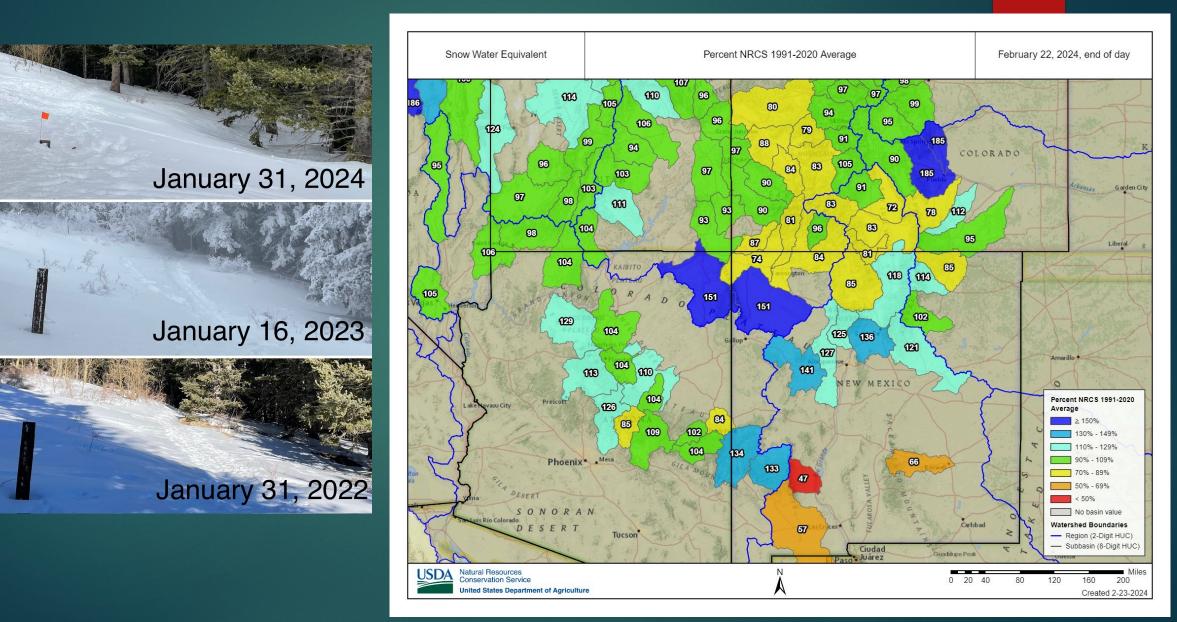
<u>Warmer</u> than average sea-surface temperatures (SST) in the tropical Pacific

<u>Cooler</u> than average SSTs tropical Pacific

# 4<sup>th</sup> Strongest El Niño Since 1950

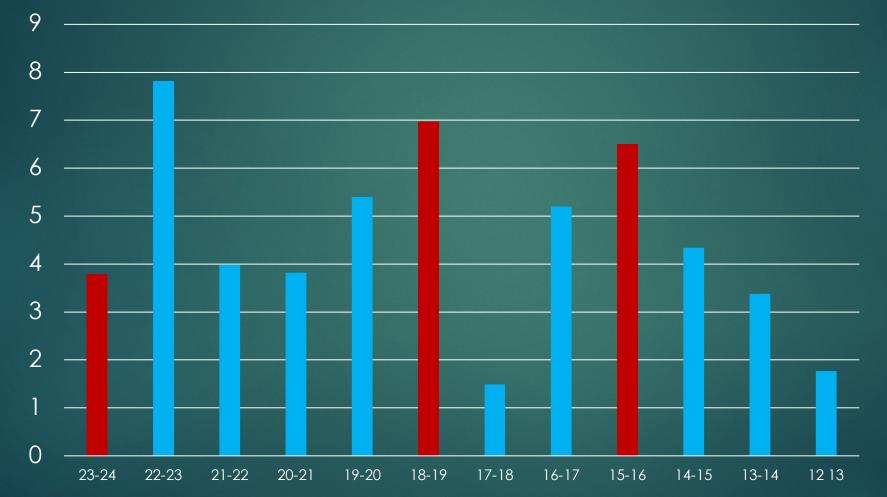


## Don't Bet Against El Niño (generally)!



# Jones Precip Gauge

Oct 1st thru Feb 23









January 31, 2022

SPRUCE - FIR /egetation Type ELEVATION HER 10.400 FEET CIBOLA National Forest

**Most Recent El Niño Winters** 





January 31, 2021

Photos courtesy of Brent Wachter & Kerry Jones

February 1, 2016

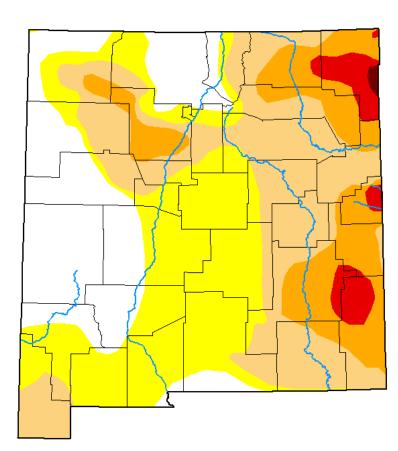
## Impact of Snowpack on Fine Fuels



## Latest Drought Monitor

Updated Weekly

## U.S. Drought Monitor New Mexico



(Released Thursday, Feb. 23, 2023) Valid 7 a.m. EST						
Drought Conditions (Percent Area)						
	None	D0	D1	D2	D3	D4
Current	23.60	29.78	28.57	14.23	3.63	0. 19
Last Week 02-14-2023	21.86	30.41	29.36	14.56	3.63	0. 19
3 Month s Ago 11-22-2022	6.76	50.90	21.83	15.58	4.74	0. 19
Start of Calendar Year 01-03-2023	7.03	51.67	22.75	14.81	3.56	0. 19
Start of Water Year 09-27-2022	0.99	22.22	45.34	24.47	6.99	0.00
One Year Ago 02-22-2022	0.00	2.91	17.23	47.40	29.94	2.53

February 21, 2023

#### Intensity:

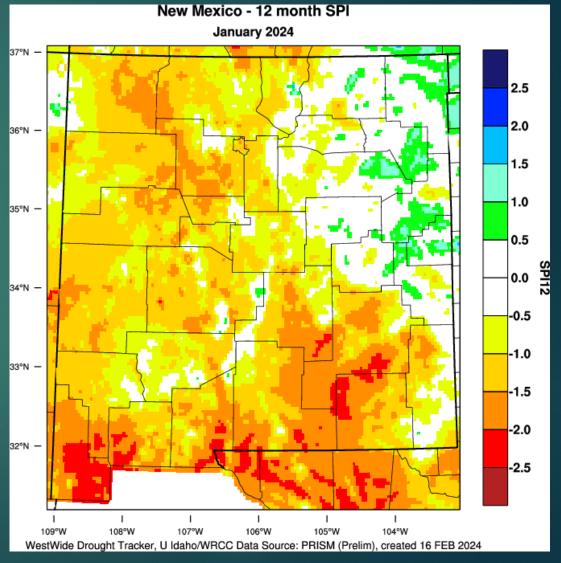


The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx



Richard Heim

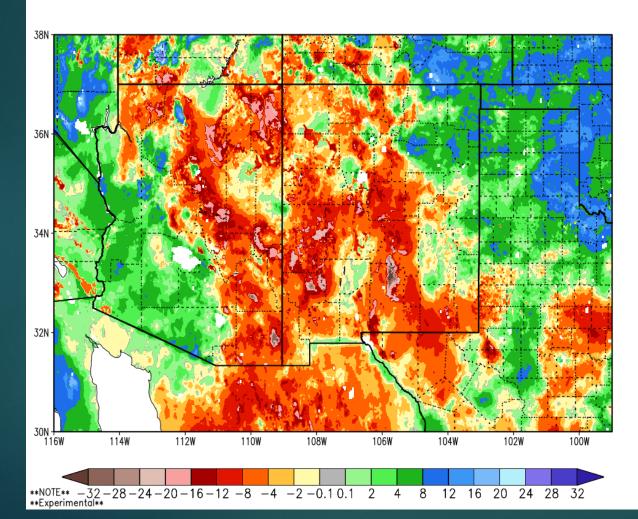
droughtmonitor.unl.edu

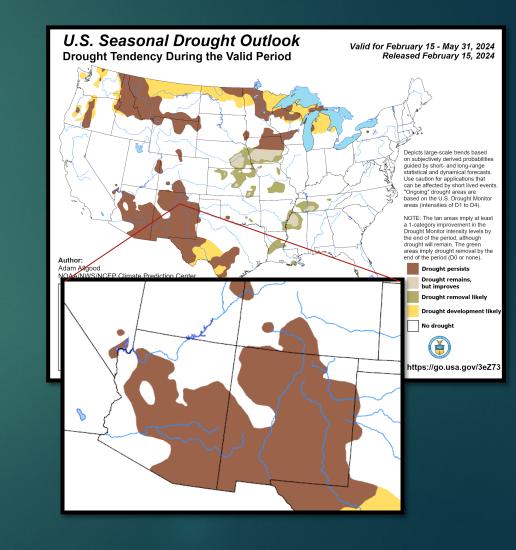


# Seasonal Drought Outlook

Overall, some improvement in drought conditions anticipated as we move into late winter and spring.

1-Year Difference in Column Relative Soil Moisture (%) valid 12z 23 Feb 2024

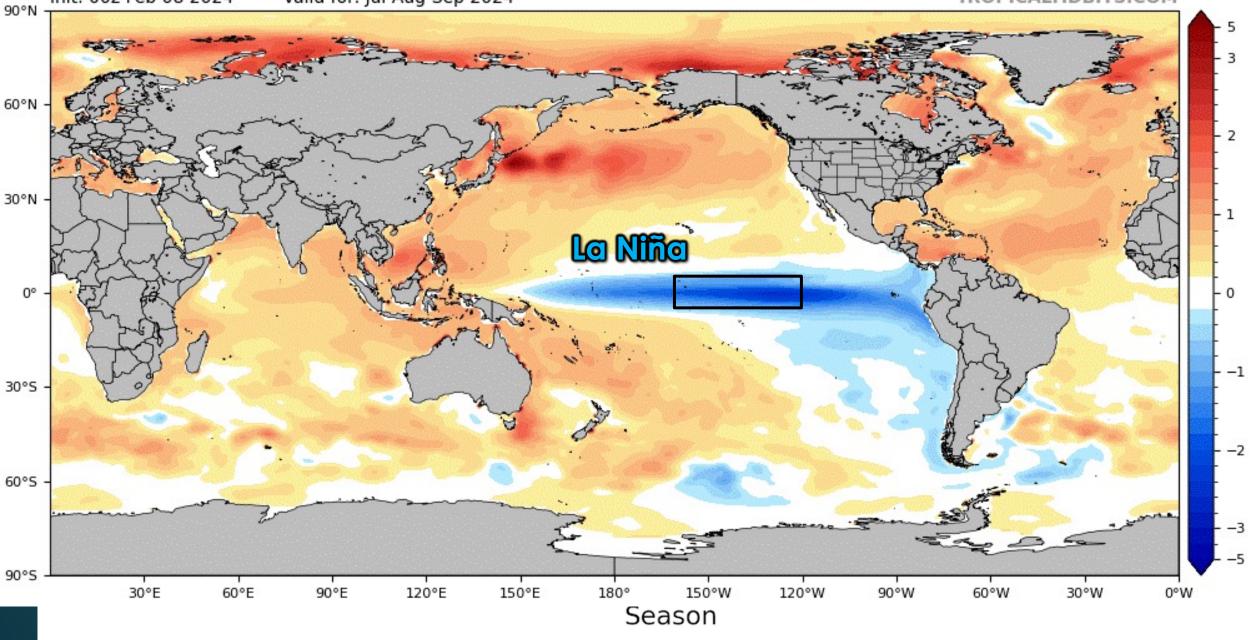




#### NMME Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly (C)

Init: 00z Feb 08 2024 Valid for: Jul-Aug-Sep 2024

#### TROPICALTIDBITS.COM

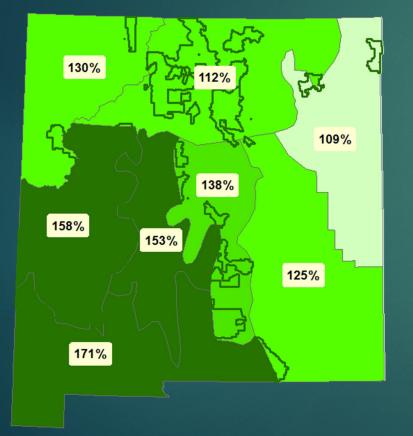


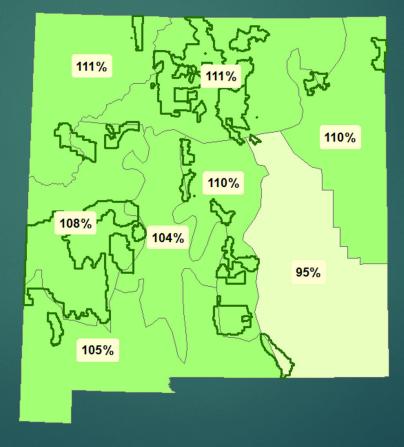
## El Niño Spring Precipitation Percent of Normal

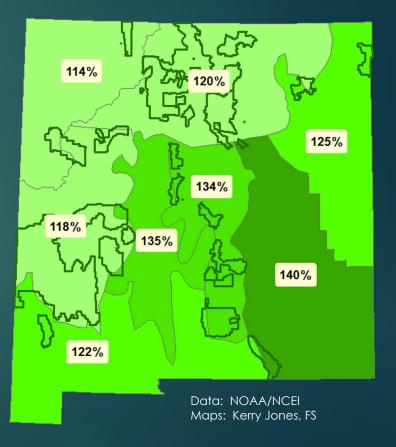
#### Strong El Niño Events (8 total)

#### Moderate El Niño Events (7 total)

#### Weak El Niño Events (10 events)

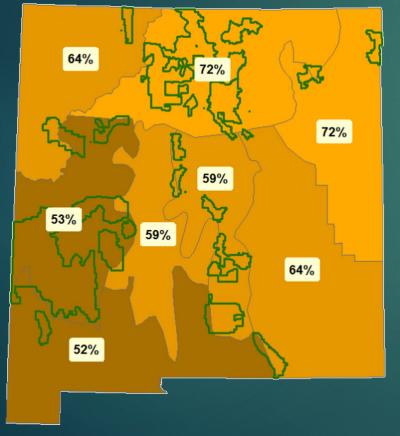




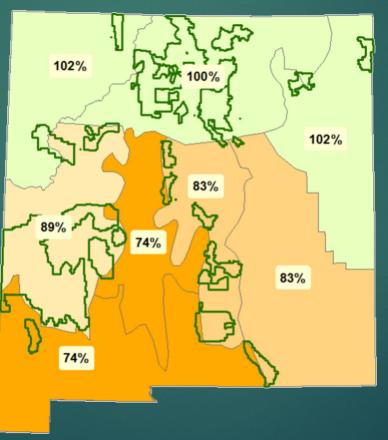


### La Niña Spring Precipitation Percent of Normal

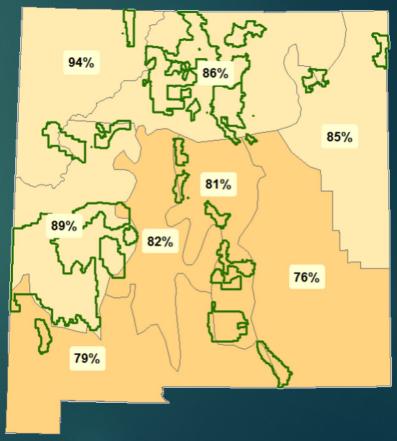
#### Strong-Moderate La Niña (12 events)



#### Weak La Niña (11 events)



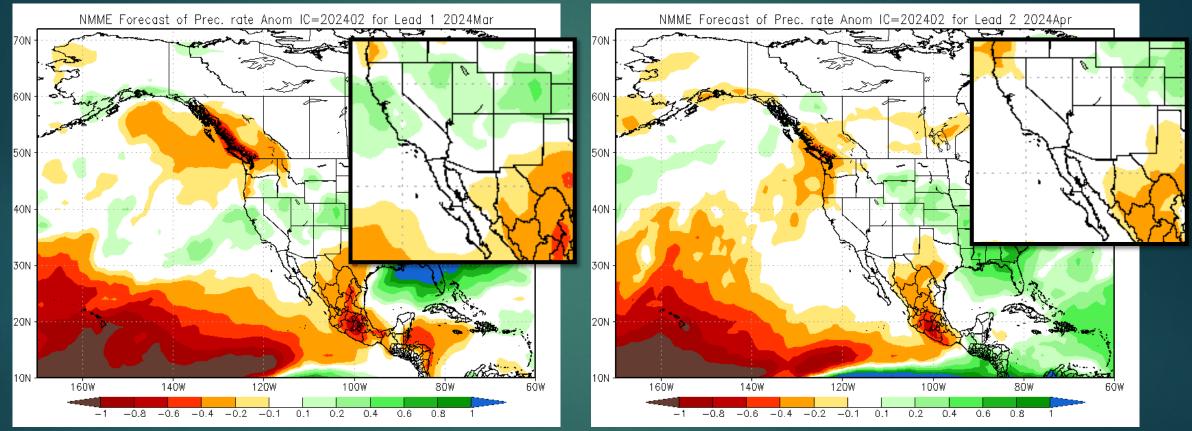
#### Back-to-Back La Niña (10 events)



## Latest Climate Model Output

#### March

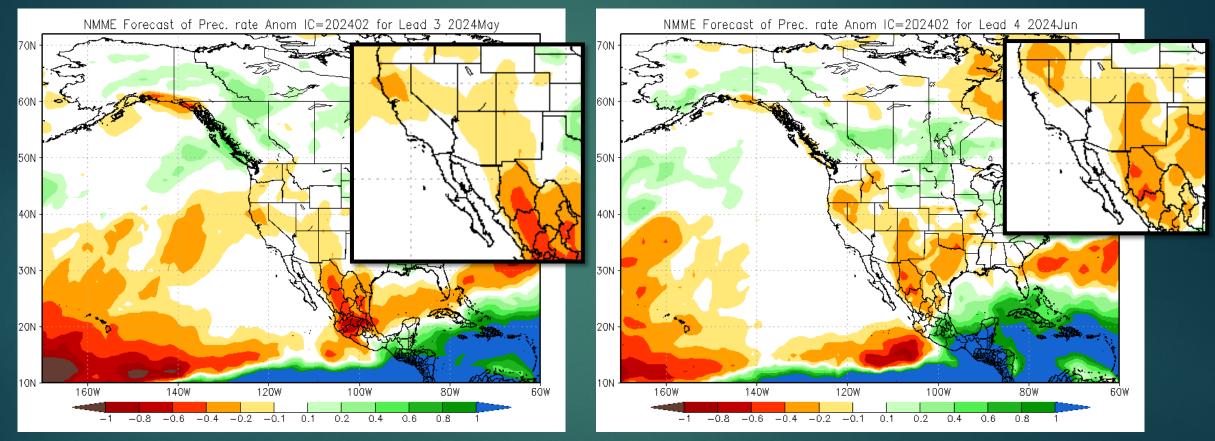




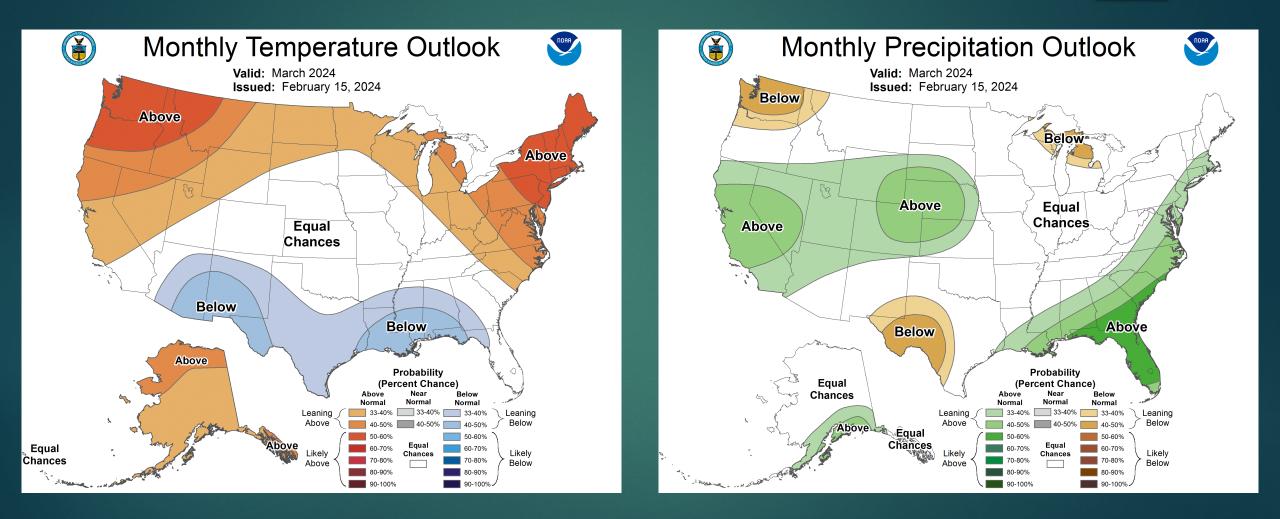
## Latest Climate Model Output

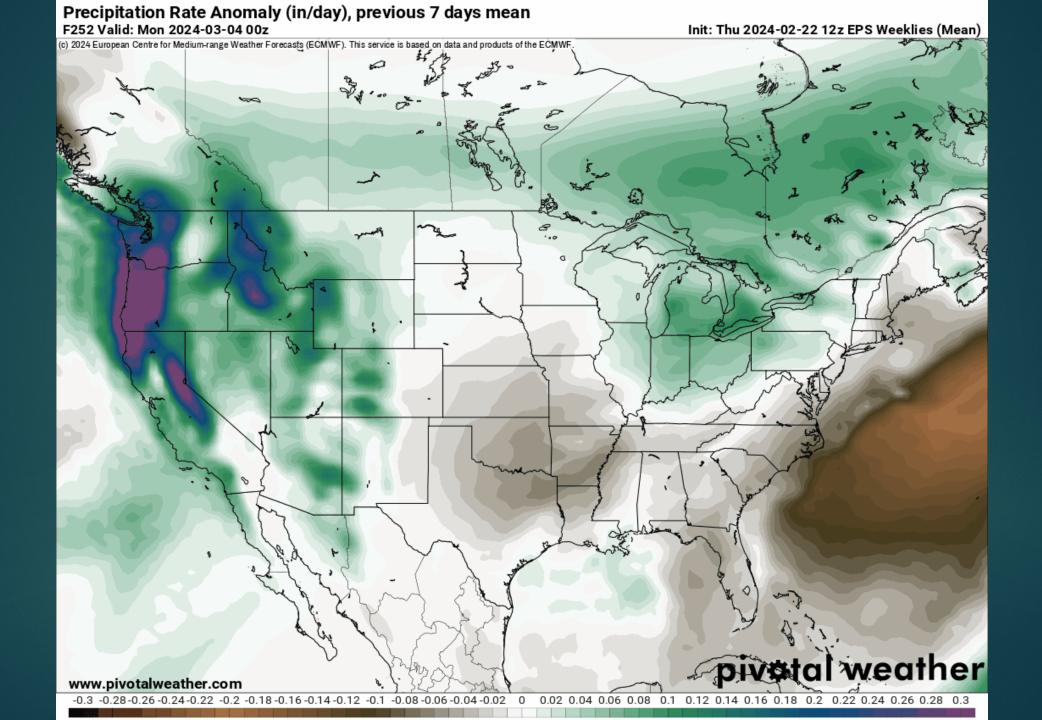
May

#### June

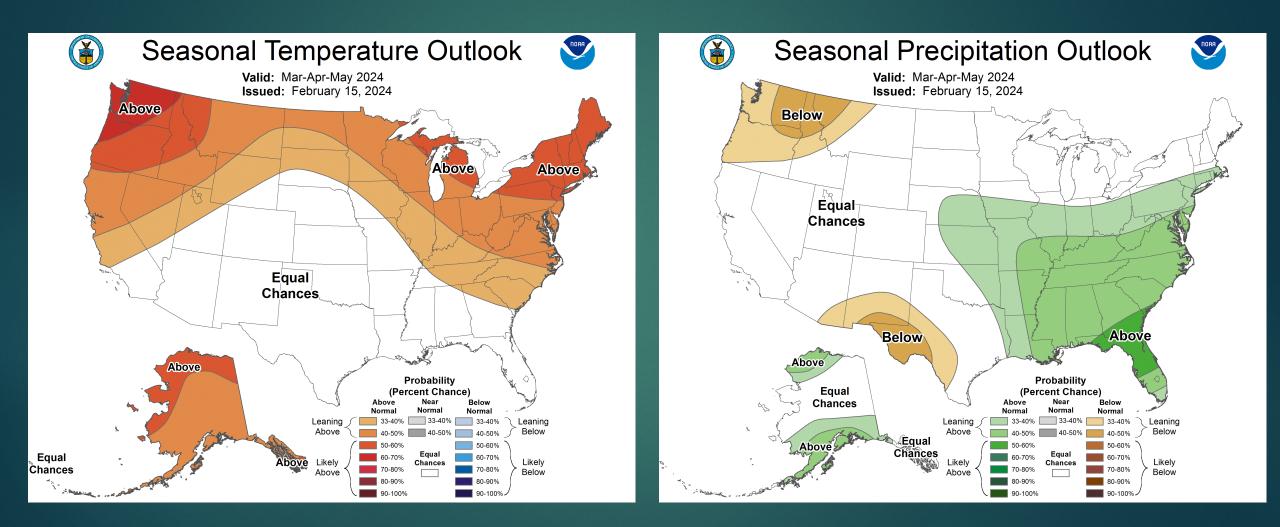


## One Month Outlook March 2024

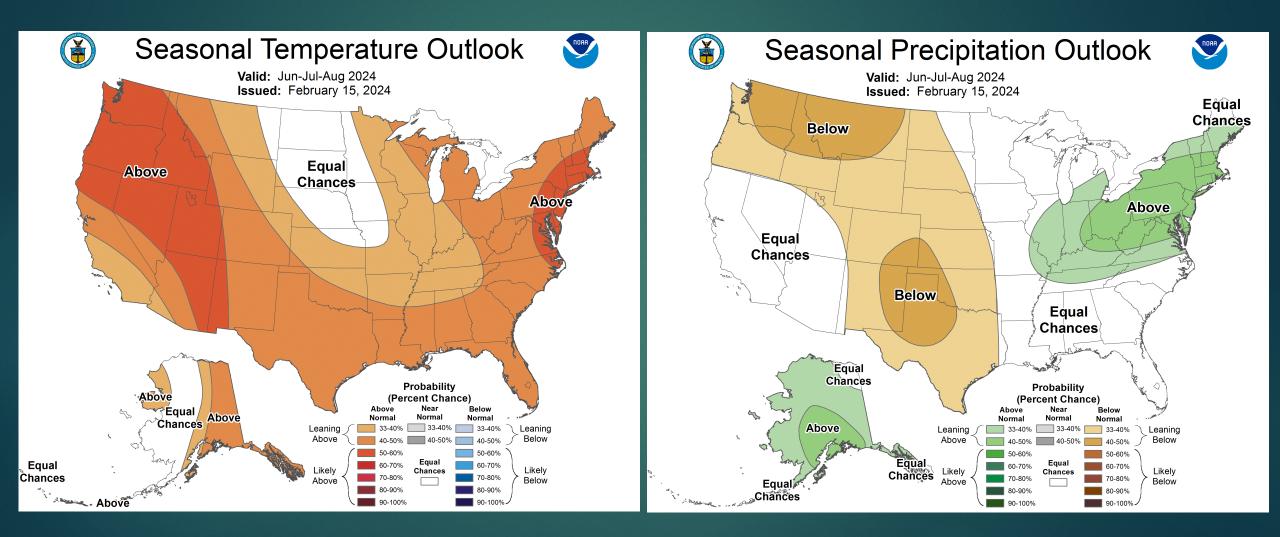




## Three Month Outlook March-April-May 2024



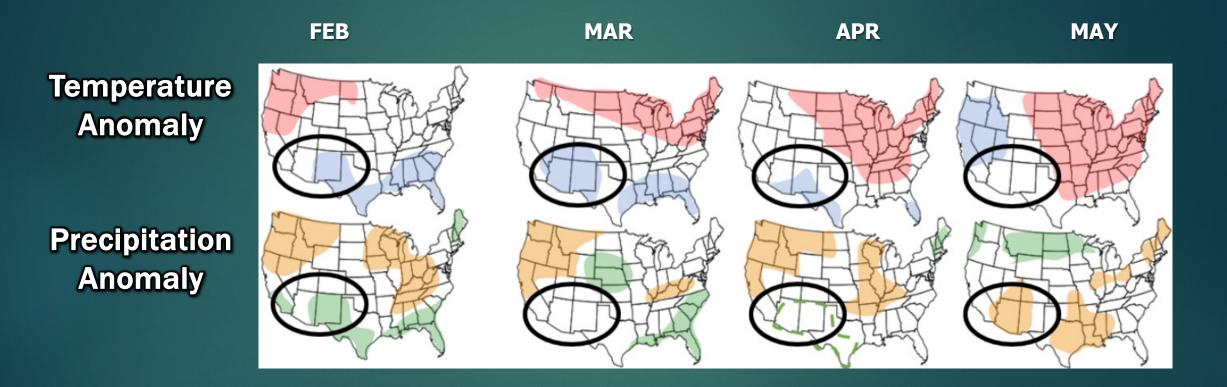
## Longer Range Outlook June-July-August 2024





## Predictive Services Outlook

Spring 2024

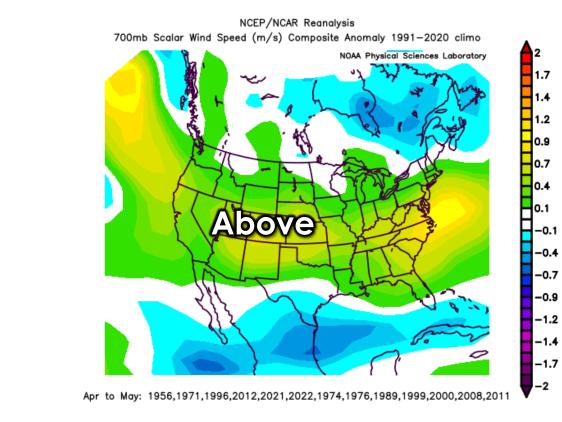


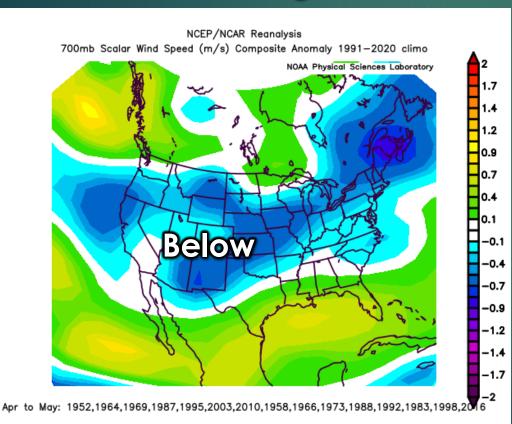
Changeable pattern by mid-late spring/early summer due to switch to ENSO-neutral conditions.

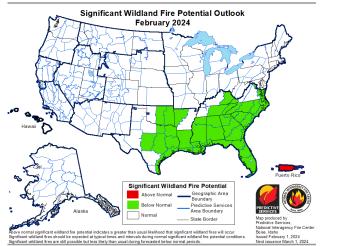
## How Do Spring Winds Trend?

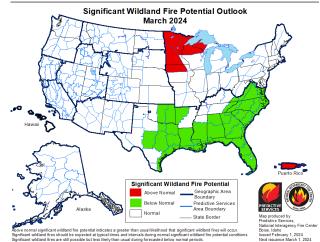
April - May

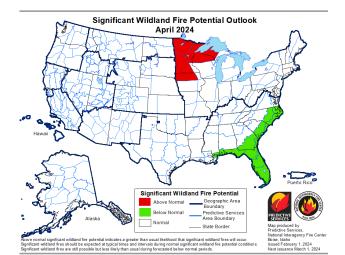
These charts show how much above (warm colors) or below (cool colors) normal<br/>springtime winds were during moderate to strong ENSO events.Moderate-Strong El NiñoModerate-Strong La Niña

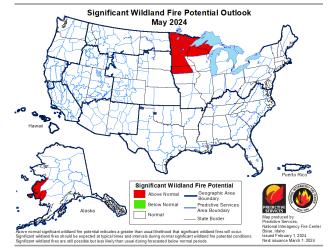












Significant Fire Potential Outlook

## What About the Monsoon?

July - August

These charts show how much above (warm colors) or below (cool colors) the "westerly" wind influence was past two years and what \*may\* play out for 2024.

#### 202452

4.1

3.5

2.9

2.2

-0.3

-1

-1.6

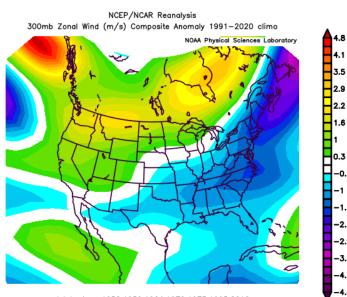
-2.2

-2.9

-3.5

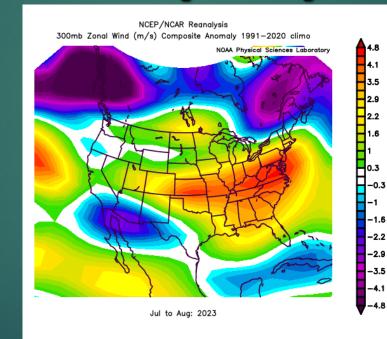
-4.1

-4.8

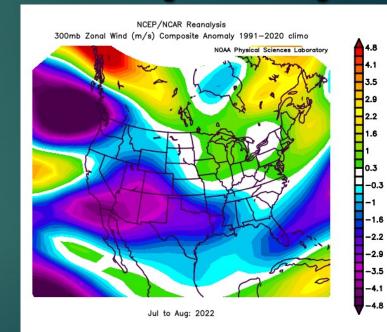


Jul to Aug: 1952,1959,1964,1970,1973,1995,2010

#### **DISMAL**)



#### 2022 (VERY WET)



## Outlook Summary

- Active weather pattern likely through the remainder of winter into early spring. High elevation snowpack not likely to peak until late March or early April.
- Increasing potential for downslope wind events/associated drying for the east slopes of the Sangres.
- Changeable mid to late spring pattern; tending drier-than-normal and warmer with less frequent storm events April-May.
- Wind: Not 2022 or 2011! Near to slightly below average.
- Monsoon: Likely on-time to slightly delayed onset. Near normal most locations; however, concern for drier pattern north.